



Stockages massifs en Li-ion: exemples de réalisations et perspectives

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Saft aujourd'hui

GROUP PROFILE



100 years of history



Leadership position on 75-80% of revenue base



9.7% invested in R&D with 3 main technologies; primary lithium, lithium-ion & nickel-cadmium,



€744m revenue FY 2017

GLOBAL PRESENCE - SALES



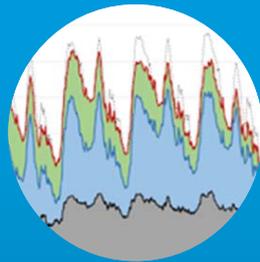
Stockage d'Énergie: une vision à court terme



The 4th pillar

of the electricity system

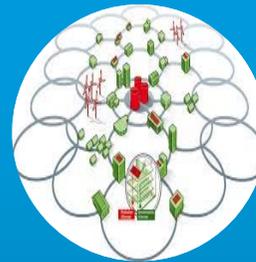
integrated all along the value chain and across the system



Flexibility provider

- @ electricity production
 - supply/demand balance,
 - capacity
- @ transmission and distribution
 - Grid capacity
 - Grid stability
- @ electricity consumption
 - Self consumption
 - Energy to non connected sites

Short term to long term



Distributed & digital

- Multiple units are aggregated to provide services
- One storage asset provides multiple services to different stakeholders

& sector coupled

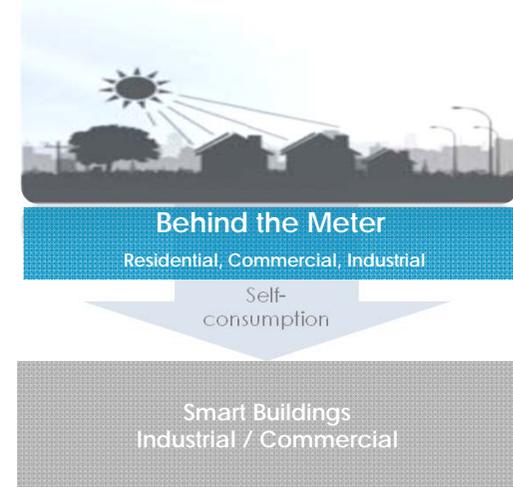
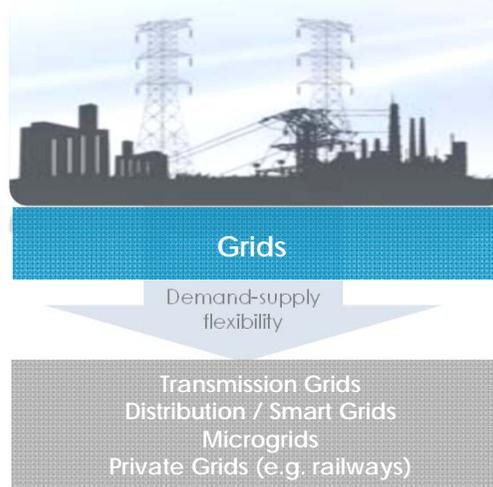
- Integrated with gaz, heat networks
- Integrated with electric mobility



Value generator

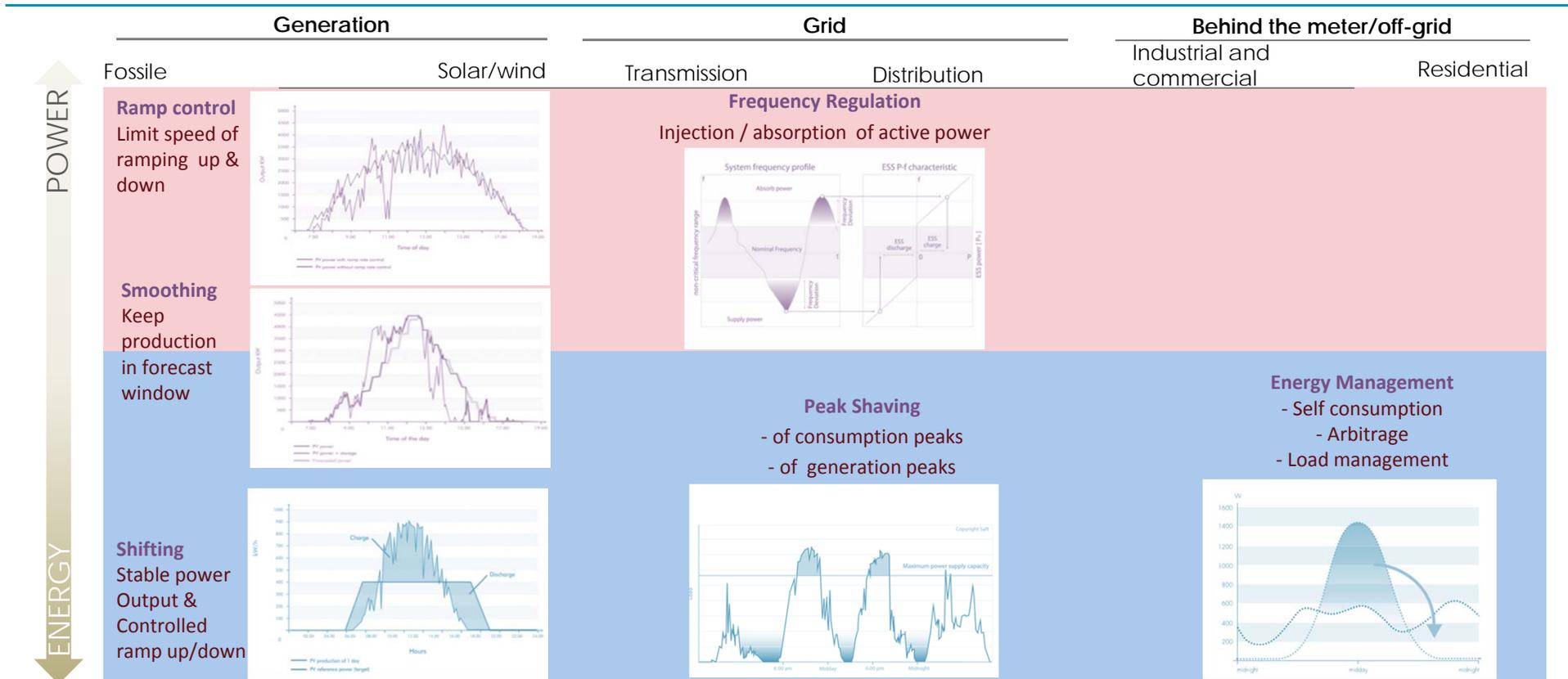
- Energy markets
- Grid services
- Customer services
- Asset services

Les fonctions du stockage d'énergie



Applications		
Energy Shifting	■	■
Smoothing / ramp control	■	
Frequency regulation	■	□
Peak Shaving		■
Hybrid Power Generation	■	■

Les fonctions du stockage d'énergie



Saft Intensium® Max & Mini footprint



Exemples de valorisation: EnR



EXAMPLE

**Husahagi 12 MW wind farm Faroe islands
+
2MW/20mn Li-ion ESS**

Application = ramp rate control

Additional benefit = curtailment reduction (>60%)

Battery additional impact over wind

Capex	20%
Fuel savings	1000t/year
CO2 savings	3500t/year
Estimated ROI	: 5 years

Le projet Feroë

SEV: vertically integrated utility

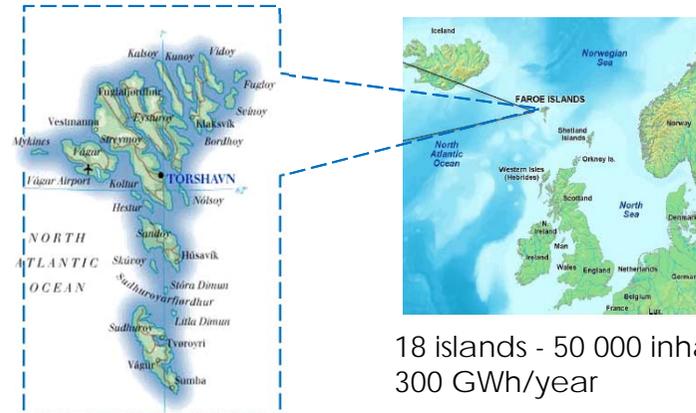
- Target 2020: 75% renewables with hydro & wind
 - 60% reached in 2015

New 12MW wind farm with ESS in 2015

- Total wind capacity 18MW
- 30% of total generation capacity
- 18% of yearly energy consumption
 - 42% hydroenergy, 40% thermal generation

Long term vision

- Two-fold increase of energy consumption by 2030
- Target: 100% renewables



18 islands - 50 000 inhabitants, 300 GWh/year



Le projet Feroë: le besoin

- Volatility of wind generation
 - Impact on voltage and frequency
 - Stress on diesel generation to compensate short term fluctuation
- Lack of inertia
- Substitution of synchronous generation by inverter based generation



Priority for ramp control

maximum

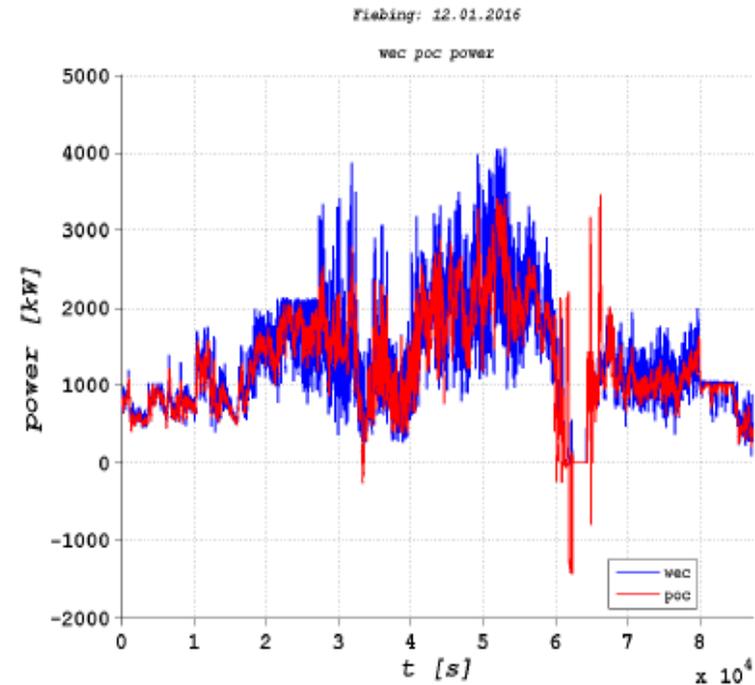
1MW / minute

upramp

downramp

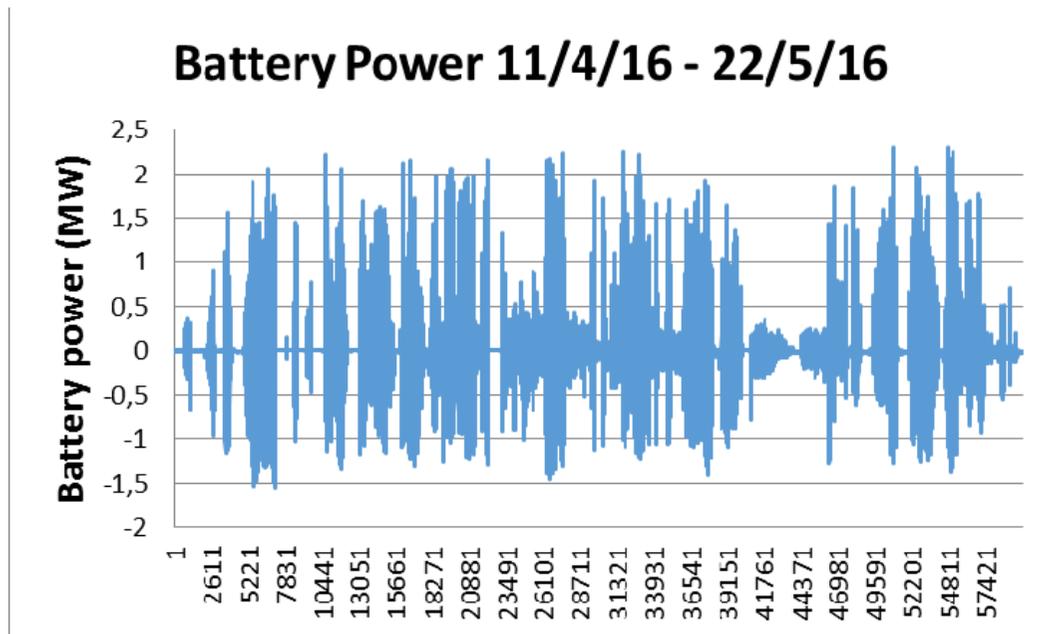
Le projet Feroë : simulation

- Compliance of 1MW /min ramp rate > 99%
- DC roundtrip efficiency 97.6%
- AC roundtrip efficiency including PCS & auxiliaries 86.2%
- Total efficiency losses of wind energy generated 0,22%
- Avge daily energy throughput of BESS 261%
- Capacity loss after 20 years operation 20,9%
- Impedance increase after 20 years 83%



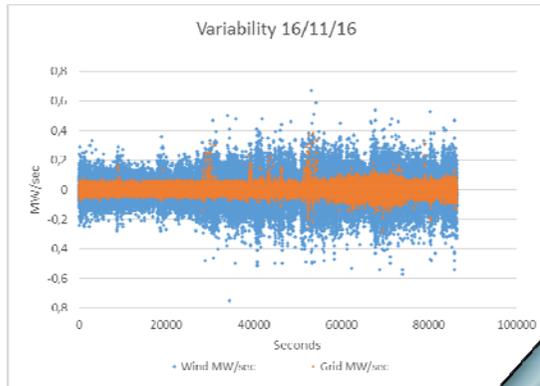


Le projet Feroë : résultats (1)

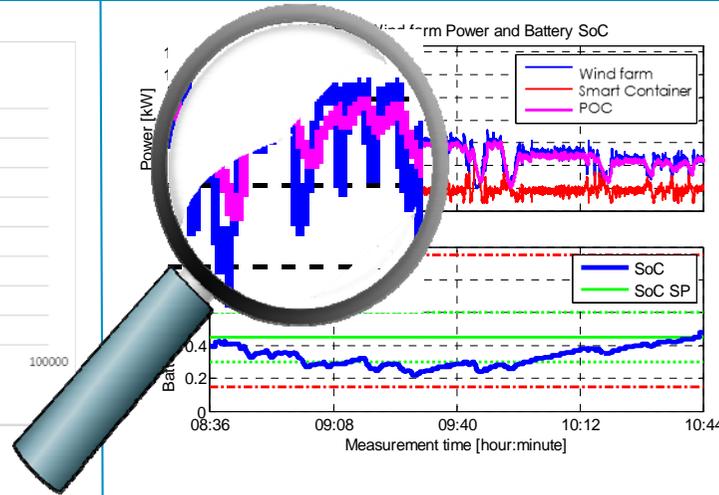


- About 80MWh charged during 40 days
- represents **300% daily throughput** (2 MWh per day / 700kWh battery)
- Maximum battery power frequently required

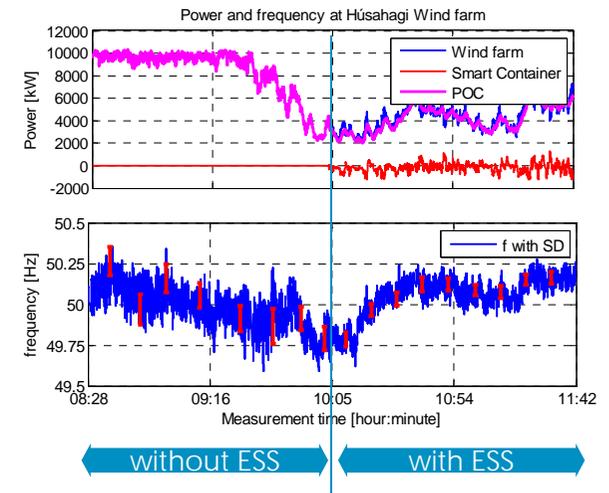
Le projet Feroë : résultats (2)



Reduced variability at point of connection (POC)



Evolution of power flows
State of charge Control



Reduced standard deviation () of frequency

**Curtailment decreased from ~30% below 10% → lower diesel consumption
Stable system operation with up to 85% wind penetration**

La Réunion – Appel d’Offres CRE

9 MW PV PV plant

9 MWh Li-ion Energy Storage System

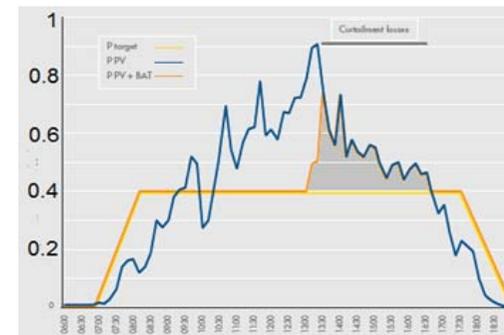
- Consortium Saft, Ingeteam, Corex
- 9 containers Intensium Max 20+E
- 5,6 MVA converters in 4 containers

Specification

- Constant power injection @ 40% Pmax
- Primary reserve : 10% Pmax / 15 minutes
- Voltage support by PCS reactive power

Battery Optimization

Energy capacity	Losses	Average DOD	Lifetime
9 MWh	11.3%	69.8%	>12 years
14 MWh	3.5%	56.3%	>17 years
21 MWh	0.7%	44.9%	>20 years



Exemples de valorization: réseaux



EXAMPLE

SEPTA
Brake recovery &
Frequency regulation

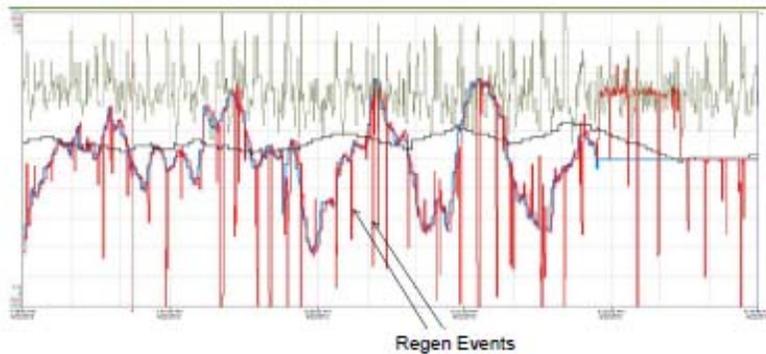
1.5 MW ESS

Energy savings	1 – 2 GWh / year
PJM market revenue	90 – 190 k\$ / year
CO2 savings	75 – 250 k\$ / year
	1000 t /year

Viridity / SEPTA recuperation de freinage & réglage de fréquence



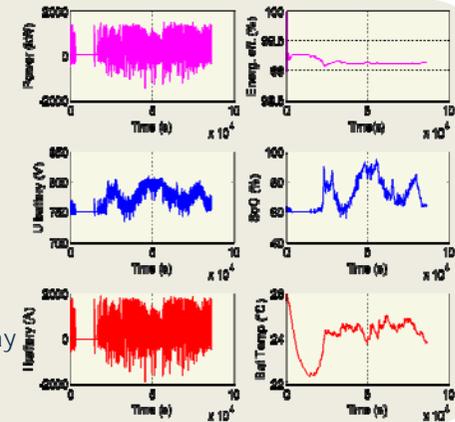
- Store energy from decelerating trains and use it for accelerating trains
 - Analogous to PV smoothing
- Participation in the PJM frequency regulation market



- 1 Intensium Max 20P – 420 kWh / 1.6 MW
 Commissioned Feb 2012 at substation in Philly
 End 2016: > 10MW of Saft ESS in multiple SEPTA substations
- Modeling used to optimize operation and minimize aging

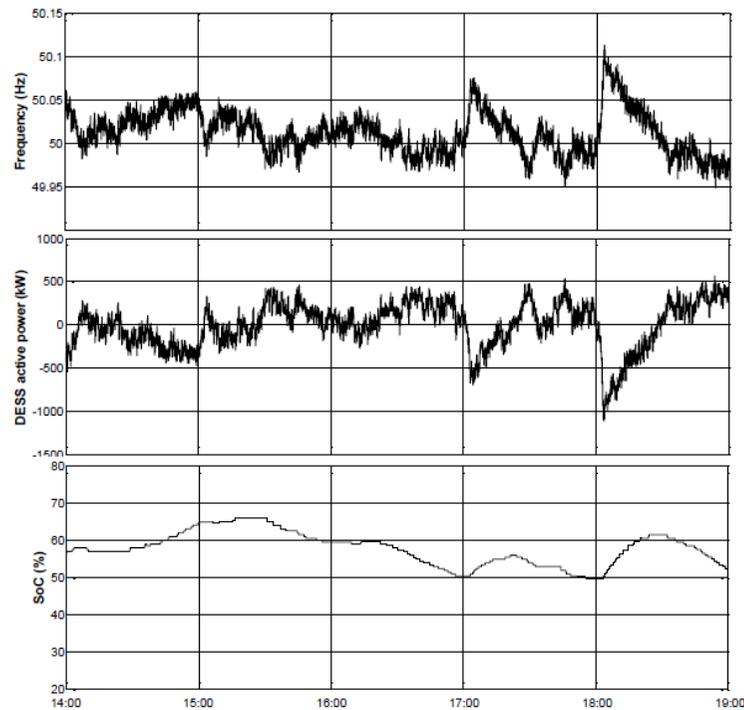
1 day operation (11/2012)

- Daily Energy turnover 2.2 MWh (520%)
- Average DOD 4%
- SOC management implemented
- Ageing 0.0055% per day ~ 2% / year



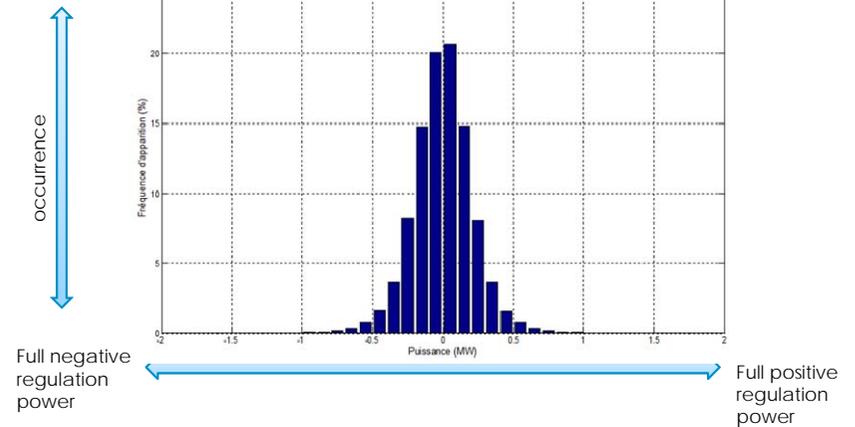
Du signal de fréquence à l'opération batterie

Frequency Profile



Storage Operation

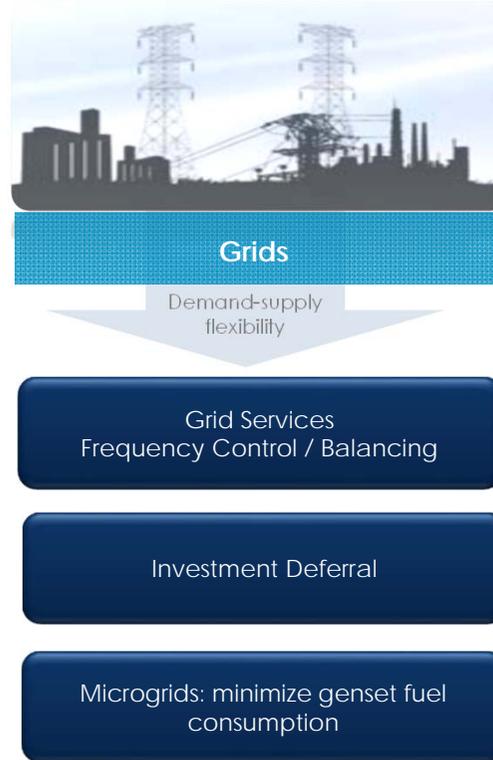
Occurrence of charge / discharge cycles vs power level



Power and Energy per 1MW regulation power

Battery Energy installed	640 kWh
Average Power	170 kW
Average DOD	3-4%
Energy throughput / 24h	1,4 MWh = 2.2 C

Exemples de valorization: microgrids



EXAMPLE




Cobija
8 MW Microgrid
Bolivia

5 MW PV
2.2 MW ESS
16 MW diesel

ESS additional impact over PV :

Capex	+50%
Fuel Savings	+ 100%
	2mio l/yr

Bolivia Hybrid Plant PV + Diesel + ESS

Microgrid in Bolivia's remote area (Cobija, Pando Dpt.)

- Sizing: 2 x IM20M 2.2MW / 1.2 MWh
4 x 690 kVA inverters Sunny Central Storage
- PV penetration 40% in 2015 with new 5MW PV plant
- The 5MW PV + 2MW ESS plant will increase electricity coverage from 65% to 80%
- Applications: fuel saving (2 millions liters/year) + grid stability (PV ramp control + spinning reserves)



Multi-Services dans la pratique





Transporteur

- ST1 – Réglage de fréquence
- ST1i – Soutien dynamique
- ST2 – Réglage de tension
- ST3 – Réduction des pertes
- ST4 – Résolution congestions
- ST5 – Stabilité angulaire

Stockage

- ARB – « Arbitrage » marché

Distributeur

- SD0 – Secours poste source
- SD1 – Lissage de la pointe
- SD2 – Réglage de tension
- SD3 – Soutien régime dégradé
- SD4 – Renvoi local de tension
- SD5 – Compensation de réactif
- SD6 – Réduction des pertes
- SD7 – Qualité/continuité
- SD8 – Perturbations HTB
- SD9 – Facture d'acheminement

Producteur EnR

- SPd1 – Appui services système
- SPd2 – Lissage court-terme
- SPd3 – Valorisation effacements
- SPd4 – Report d'injection
- SPd5 – Production garantie
- SPd6 – Systèmes isolés

Non faisable dans la situation

Non chiffré pour l'heure

Départ dédié (ferme de 12 MW)

Départ mixte (ferme de 6 MW)

Wind farm 12 MW

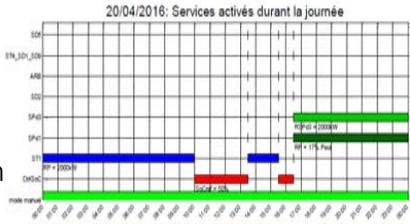
Battery 2 MW / 1,3 MWh

Operation 2015/2016



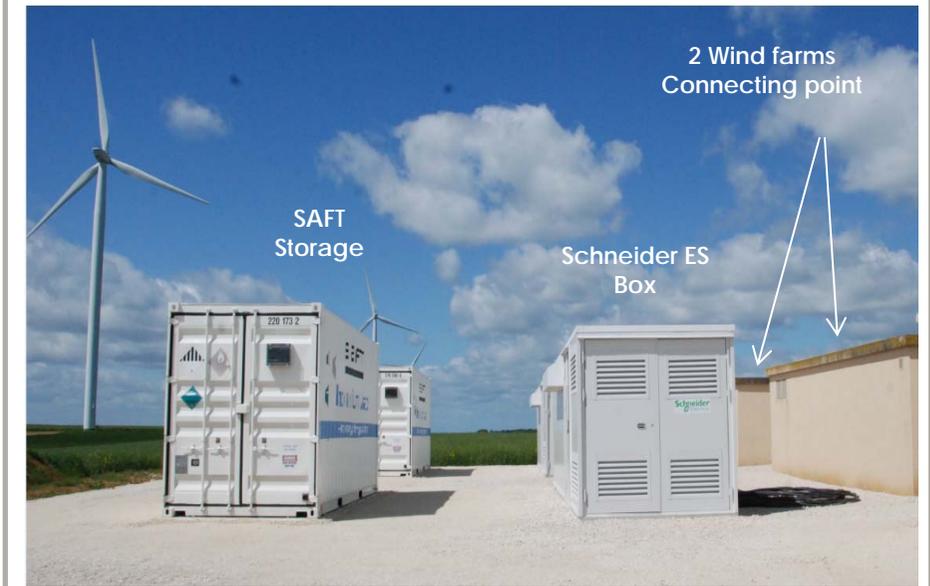
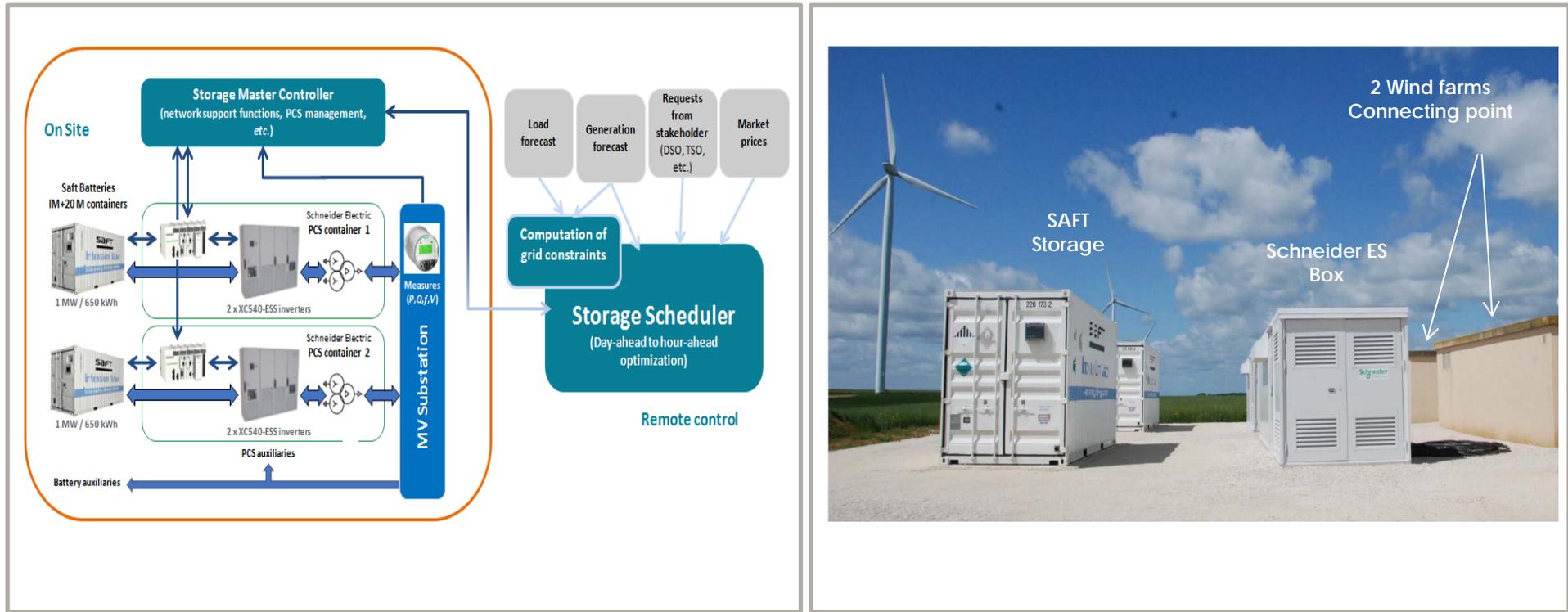
Results:

- 12 services demonstrated
- Sequential and parallel operation of services, techno - economic optimization of sequence by merit order

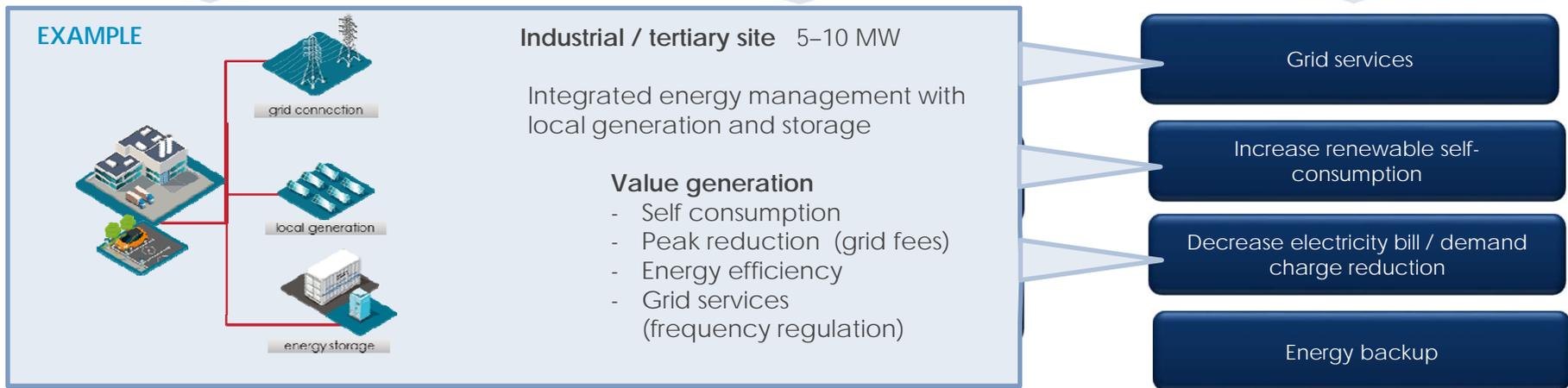


→ Enhanced hosting capacity for wind energy on the distribution grid

VENTEEA: architecture



Exemples de valorisation: l'aval compteur

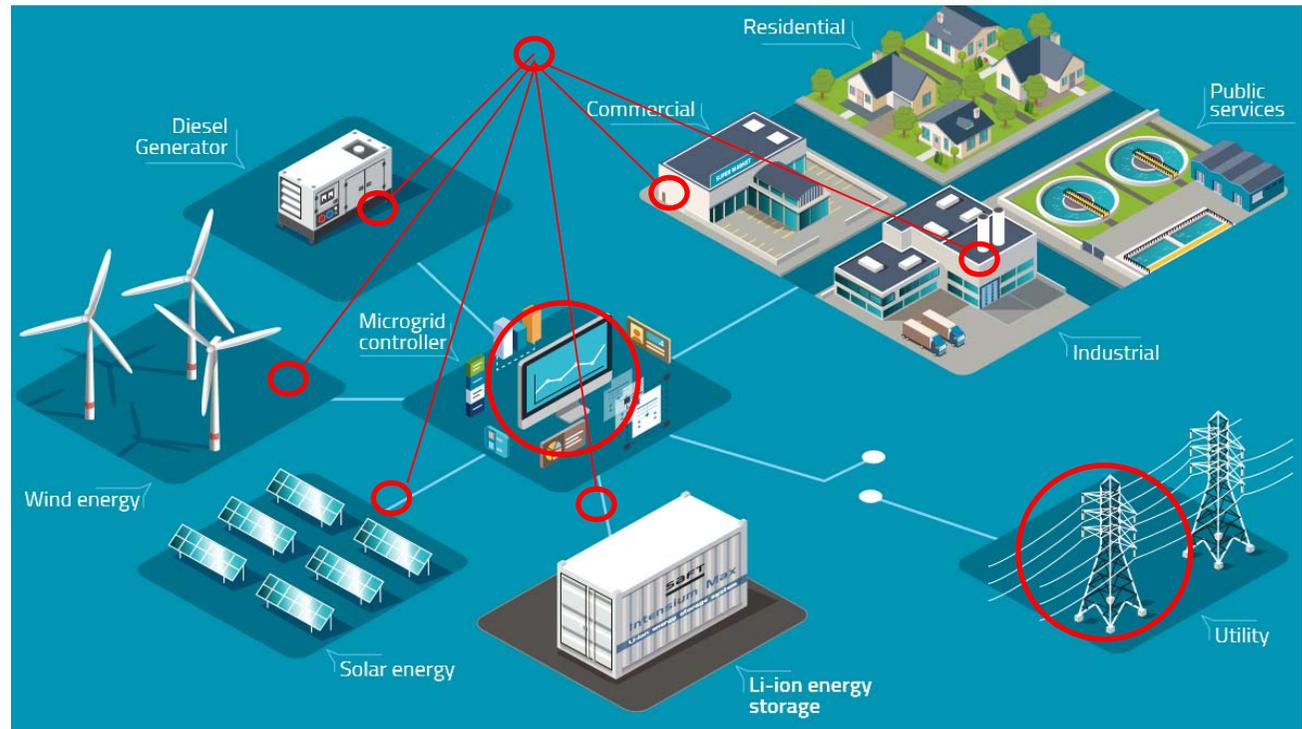


Digitalisation

Aggregation
Virtual connection of power devices

EMS
Dispatch of power flows

Participation in flexibility markets

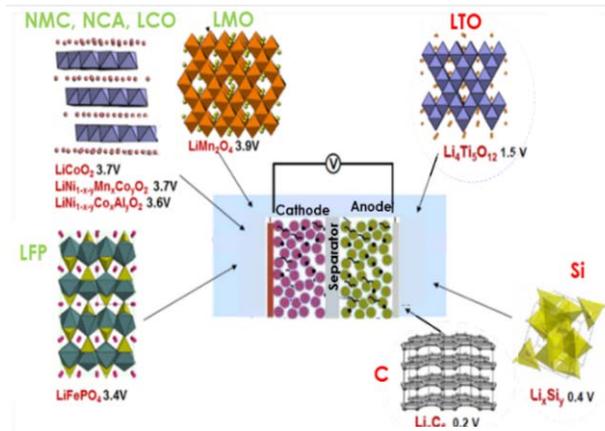


Les technologies Li-ion aujourd'hui et demain

After many decades of screening, very few elected commercial cathode and anode materials

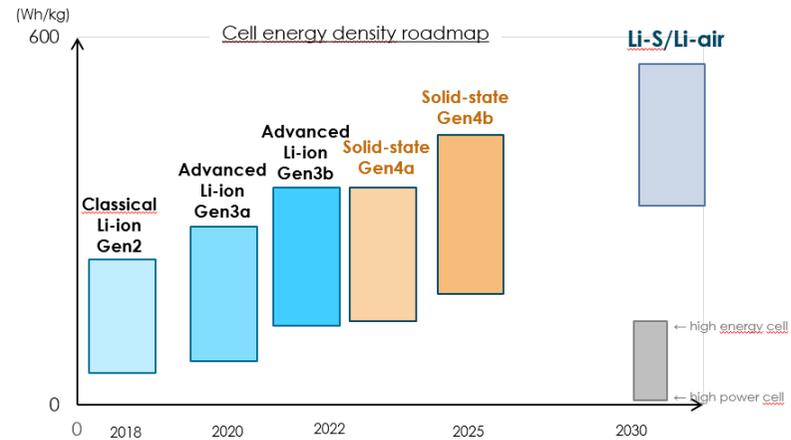
Each with its own domain of excellence

- Cost
- Energy density
- Power
- Cycle life
- Calendar life
- Safety



What is the next technology beyond Li-ion?

- ➔ In a 3 year horizon, advanced Li-ion!
- ➔ Beyond: Solid state Li-ion
- ➔ Long term > 2030 post-li-ion technologies

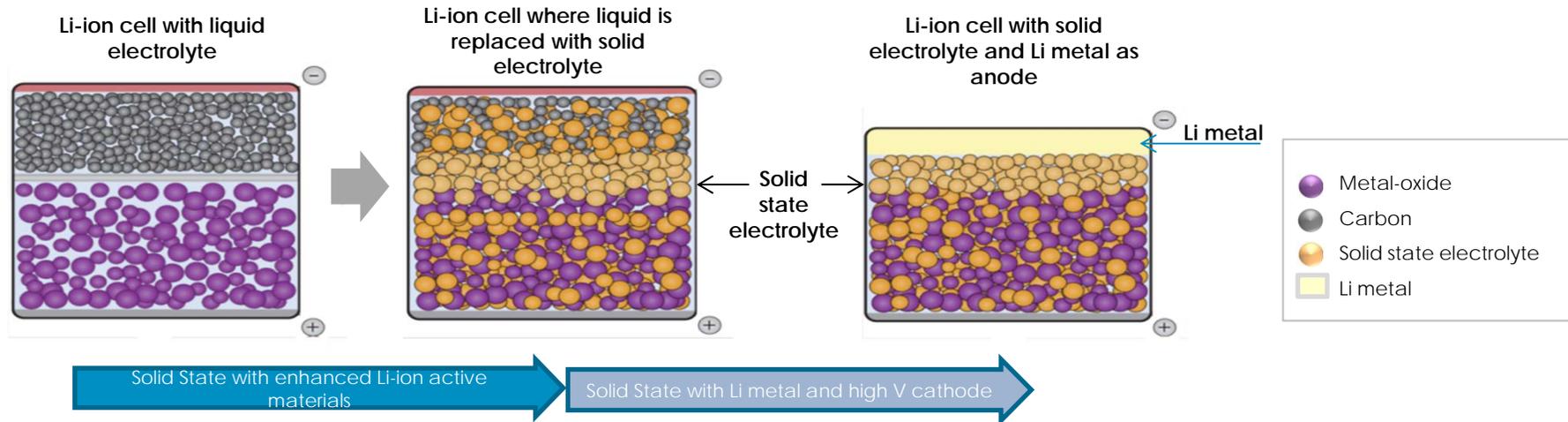


Source: SAFT, based upon internal expertise, EU commission, MIT, NEDO, German VDA. Generation names aligned with EU commission roadmap.

La technologie lithium à électrolyte solide

- Major projected improvements:
 - High energy and lower cost / kWh due to use of metallic Li in the negative electrode
 - Improved safety due to non-flammable solid electrolyte
 - Longer life due to electrochemical stability of solid electrolytes

- Keys to success:
 - A solid electrolyte material with good ionic conductivity
 - A solid electrolyte membrane
 - Active materials electrochemically stable
 - High speed manufacturing processes



MERCI

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